CITIES' ACTIONS TO PREVENT FOOD WASTE AND PROMOTE FOOD DONATION: EXAMPLE OF MILAN AND COOPERATION WITH OTHER EUROPEAN CITIES

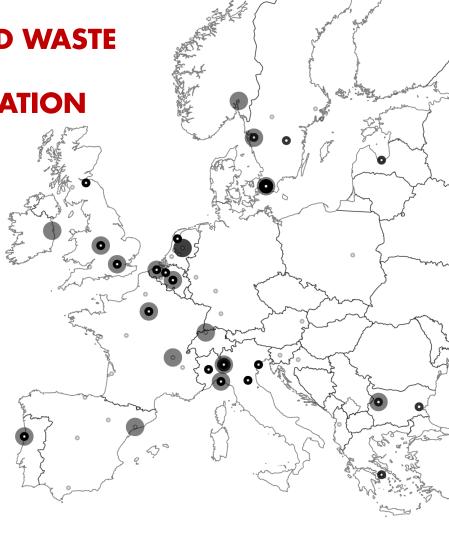


Anna Scavuzzo

Vice Mayor of Milan appointed for Food Policy

Vilnius, 24 May 2018, EU Platform Food Losses and Waste





FOOD WASTE IN THE MILAN FOOD SYSTEM ASSESSMENT (2014)





The City of Milan developed in 2015 the Milan Food Policy that acts on the **urban food system** with a multidimensional approach around 5 key priorities, 16 guidelines, 18 actionos: **food losses and waste reduction** being one of the most important, engaging several local actors such as **research centers**, **food businesses**, **food banks**, **non profit organizations**, **foundations**.



4 GUIDELINES FOR FOOD LOSSES AND WASTE

The Municipality in cooperation with local actors

- Promote actions of information and education addressed to citizens and local actors in order to reduce losses and waste.
- 2. Promote recovery and redistribution of **food losses** creating relations among the local players (charities and food banks).
- 3. Promote more rational use of **packaging**.
- 4. Promote **circular economy** in the field of food system.

TAX REDUCTION ON FOOD LOSSES FOR DONATION (2017)



In 2018 Milan adopted a reduction on the waste tax for food losses donation. This new regulation aims to **reduce 20% of the tax** for the first year in favour of **food businesses** (supermarkets, restaurants, canteens, producers etc.) that donate their food losses to charities.

Multi-departments action:

- Fiscal dpt.
- Environmental dpt.
- Food Policy Office
- Environmental Municipal Agency

Indirect effect: the measure will also support the mapping, strengthening and spreading of food donation ongoing initiatives led by non profit organizations in the city.









Tecnical consultation with food system and charities actors



Technical consultation Food system

and charities actors

OCT2017 FEB2018

CITY COUNCIL VOTE

max 50% 20% for the pilot year (2018) Food businesses need to send at Municipality an INITIAL COMMUNICATION

30**APRIL**2018

DEC2018

At the end of the year the food businesses must send a FINAL REPORT TO THE MUNICIPALITY containing the amount of food donation

2 30**APRIL**2019

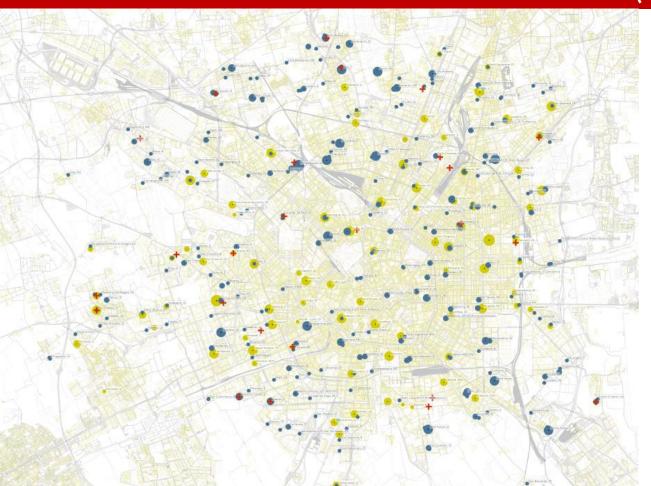
FIRST pilot year: 20% reduction

from SECOND year: max 50% reduction

FRUIT & BREAD DONATION FROM SCHOOL CANTEENS PER YEAR (2018)







106 school canteens on a total of 418 connected by charities food donation system



150 Tons

91 Tons of fruit 50 Tons of bread 9 Tons of complete meals from cooking centers

31.000 reusable doggy bags to bring home non perishable leftlovers.

CANTEENS WITHOUT FOOD DONATION ACTIONS 391 - 550 PASTI/GIORNO



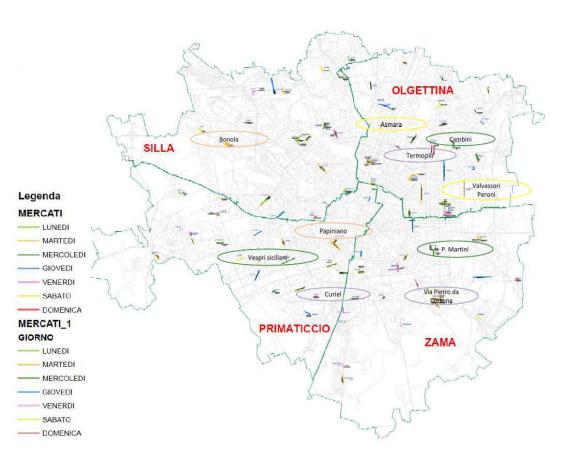
CANTEENS WITH FOOD DONATION ACTIONS

551 - 700 PASTI/GIORNO 700 - 880 PASTI/GIORNO

COOKING CENTERS

FOOD LOSSES RECOVERY IN OPEN STREET MARKETS (2017)





Waste Management Municipal Agency

is supporting a non-profit association active in the open street markets for food recovery and donation by engaging people in need.

11 pilot market on total of 86

150kg / market / week 90 Tons per year















PILOT PROJECT: LOCAL FOOD WASTE HUB (2017)



To support the recovery from small local actors, the municipality facilitated an agreement among a university lab (model management and data analysis) and a private sector union (that gathers supermarkets and companies with canteens) to develop a pilot project in three neighborhoods for food losses redistribution at local level.

Food Losses: **70 Tons** per year for each hub (250kg per day)

The first "Local Food Waste Hub" will be **hosted in a space** offered by the Municipality of Milan.

Actors in the first pilot area

5 private canteens, 3 supermarket, 1 street market,

5 non-profit organization

In the course of the pilot year the **input and output flows** of donation in the hub **will be monitored** and this knowledge will be spread to **another 35 local organizations** mapped by the Food Policy.









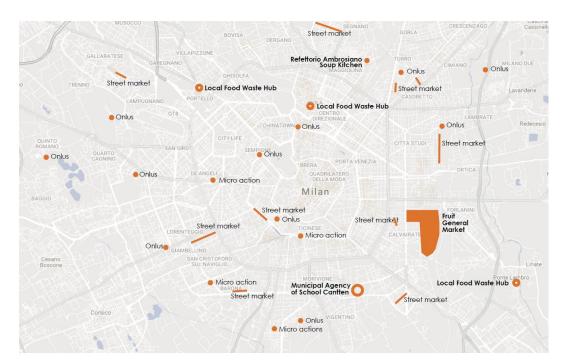


Conferenza stampa di presentazione Intesa Anti Sprechi, 2016.



MAPPING LOCAL NON PROFIT ORGANIZATIONS (2018)























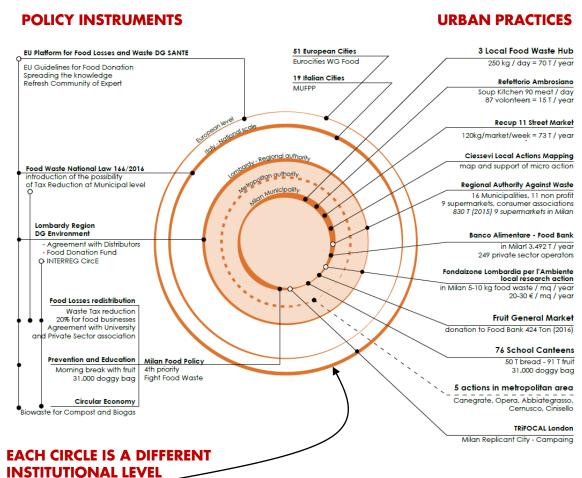






FOCUS ON MULTILEVEL GOVERNANCE (2018)







Lombardy Region, Stakeholder Group CircE project, November 2017.



The city is part of the **Interreg CircE** stakeholder group, led by Regional Authority, on circular economy focused on food waste.

Milan is supporting the Regional Authority for **spreading the Tax Reduction** in other Lombardy municipalities

ENGAGING OTHER ITALIAN MUFPP SIGNATORY CITIES (2018)



Political talk with other Italian cities for sharing knowledge:

Rome – Local network of food donation

Milan – Tax reduction for food donation

Turin – redistribution from local markets

Genoa – ICT platform and local network

Modena – food bag in canteens and restaurants

Cremona – actions in school canteens



















AMSTERDAM MEETING WITH 33 EU CITIES ABOUT FOOD WASTE REDUCTION (2018)















From 2016 Milan chairs the **Eurocities Working Group Food** with 51 member cities.

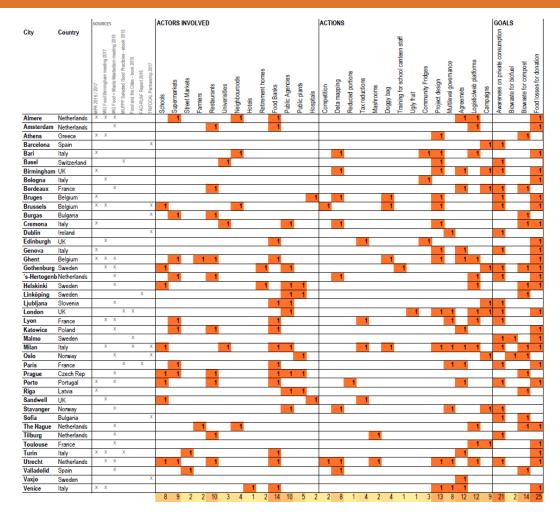
4 April 2018: Working Group Food meeting in Amsterdam on Food Losses and Waste to collect urban practices engaging **city officers** and **municipal agencies**.





DOCUMENT: AN OVERVIEW OF DIFFERENT URBAN FLW PRACTICES IN EU CITIES (2018)

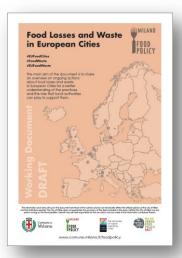




The aim of this document is to share an overview on the ongoing actions about **Food Losses and Waste in European Cities** for a better understanding of the practices and the role that local authorities can play to support them.

From each practices we clusterized:

- the kind of actors involved
- the kind of actions developed
- the kind of final goal

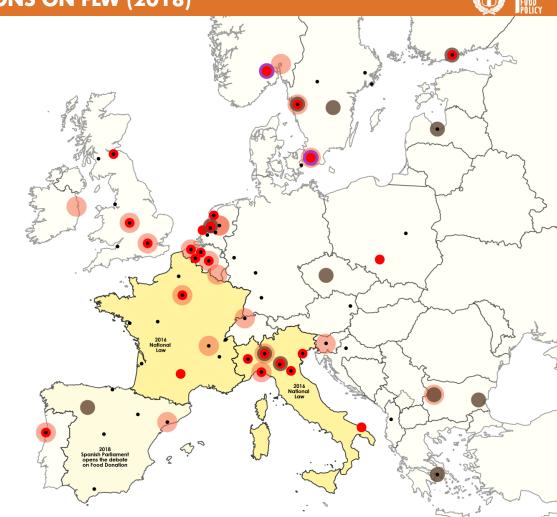


GEOGRAPHY OF EUROPEAN CITIES ACTIONS ON FLW (2018)

LEGEND

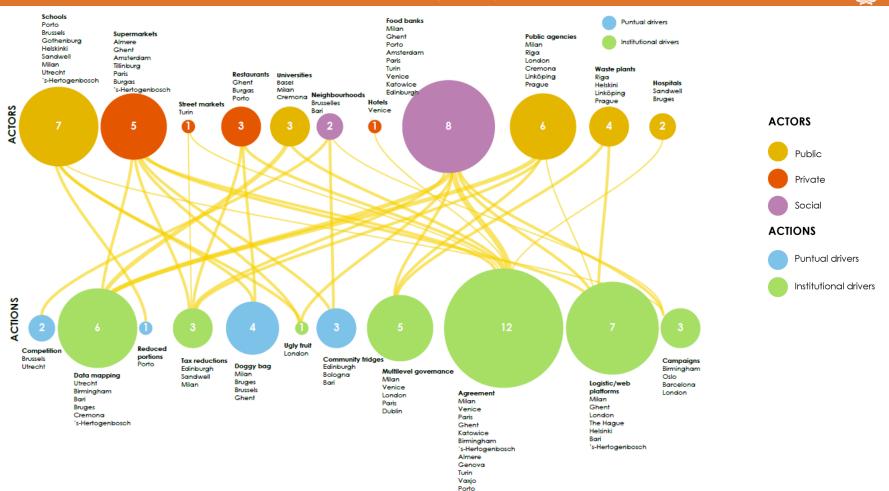
- 51 EUROCITIES Working Group Food
- **25** Food Losses Donation
- 14 Biowaste for Compost

 Aware
 - **21** Awareness actions



ACTORS INVOLVED AND ACTIONS DEVELOPED (2018)





LESSON LEARNED AND KEY FACTORS





- 1. Cities need to analyze their food system and public drivers to discover food losses (municipal agencies, public markets, school canteens, etc.).
- 2. Cities need to understand and reinforce the local actors active in networks of FLW for food donation.
- 3. Cities need to **create umbrella initiatives** (like platforms, networks, incentives, campaigns etc.) in order to offer concrete actions to their stakeholders and reach common goal.
- **4. Urban networks** (Eurocities, FoodWIN, C40, etc.) play a fundamental role for exchanging experiences, inspire and train city officers.
- 5. Cities need municipal officers dedicated to food policy that will work with multidimensional approach engaging and facilitating common initiatives to different city departments, municipal agencies, research centers, food banks, main stakeholders and local actors, major food businesses.





































